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*Anil Gupta (Banglore)
Financial Advisor*

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QUES 1:- Which of the following is part of the financial market?

- A- Money Market
- B- Debt Market
- C- Equity Market
- D- All of the above

Ans- D

Explanation: Financial Market consists of various types of market as follows: -Money Market, Debt Market, Equity Market

QUES 02:- Consider the following statement and state whether it is true/false?

Statement: Retail investors invest large sum of money and use specialised knowledge and investment skills for the purpose of investment.

- A- True
- B- False

Ans- B

Explanation: Institutional investors are organizations that invest large sum of money and employ specialised knowledge and investment skills.

QUES 03:- Authorised persons are agents of?

- A- Stock exchange
- B- Underwriters
- C- Stock Brokers
- D- None of the above

Ans- C

Explanation: Authorized persons (AP) are agents of the brokers (previously known as sub-brokers) and are registered with the respective stock exchanges.

QUES 04:- In case of a business failed who ranked last for claiming in profit as well as company's assets.

- A- Lenders
- B- Employees
- C- Equity shareholders
- D- Preference shareholders

Ans- C

Explanation: If a business were to fail, the proceeds from liquidation of assets, Equity shareholders are the last one in the rank/priority for claiming the profits as well as company's assets

QUES 05:- Debt instrument of private corporate sector in Indian market is called?

- A- Bonds
- B- Debentures
- C- Debt shares
- D- Certificate of deposits

Ans- B

Explanation: Debt instrument of private corporate sector in Indian market is called debentures.

QUES 06:- Consider the following statement and state whether it is true/False?

Statement: The purpose of the money market is to enable institutions and companies to meet short-term funding needs by borrowing and lending from each other.

- A- True
- B- False

Ans- A

Explanation: The purpose of the money market is to enable institutions and companies to meet short-term funding needs by borrowing and lending from each other.

QUES 07:- Which of the following is the benefit of investing in debt securities?

- A- Fixed Income
- B- Fixed Tenor
- C- Both A & B
- D- None of the above

Ans- C

Explanation: Following are the benefits of investing in debt securities:

Fixed Income and Fixed Tenor

QUES 08:- Consider the following statement regarding the Derivatives, and state whether it is True/False?

Statement: A Derivative is product who has its own value.

- A- True
- B- False

Ans- B

Explanation: A derivative is a financial instrument whose value is derived from the value of some other asset known as the underlying.

QUES 09:- Assume, the market price of a share is Rs. 100 & Earnings per share is Rs.25, what will be the Price to earnings ratio for this share?

- A- 2500
- B- 0.25
- C- 4
- D- None of the above

Ans- C

Explanation: Price to Earnings Ratio (P/E Ratio) = Market Price per share / Earnings Per Share (EPS)

Here in above example: $= 100 / 25 = 4$

QUES 10:- According to the discounted cash flow model, the stock value can be estimated by?

- A- Earnings
- B- Growth
- C- Dividends
- D- All of the above

Ans- D

Explanation: According to the discounted cash flow model, the stock value can be estimated by:- Earnings, Growth, Dividends

QUES 11:- Which of the following is called securities exchange?

- A- Primary market
- B- Secondary market
- C- Tertiary market
- D- None of these

Ans- B

Explanation: Secondary market where trades in already listed securities take place is called securities exchange.

QUES 12:- Consider the following statement and state whether it is true/false?

Statement: Companies act provides the detailed guidelines on raising capital through issue of securities by a company.

- A- True
- B- False

Ans- A

Explanation: Companies act provides the detailed guidelines on raising capital through issue of securities by a company.

QUES 13:- What will be the impact on percentage holding of existing shareholders in case of Fresh issue?

- A- Increases
- B- Decreases
- C- No change
- D- None of the above

Ans- B

Explanation: In case of fresh issues, new shares are issued and share capital of company increases while percentage holding of existing shareholders will come down.

QUES 14:- IPO market segment is operated from during the IPO.

- A- 9:00 AM to 5:00 PM
- B- 9:15 AM to 5:15 PM
- C- 9:30 AM to 5:30 PM
- D- 10:00 AM to 5:00 PM

Ans- D

Explanation: IPO market segment is operated from 10:00 AM to 5:00 PM during the IPO.

QUES 15:- Which of the following Instruments are traded in secondary markets?

- A- Security issued in primary market
- B- Privately placed debt or equity securities
- C- Derivatives of primary securities
- D- All of the above

Ans- D

Explanation: Following instruments are traded in the secondary market:- Security issued in primary market, Privately placed debt or equity securities, Derivatives of primary securities

QUES 16:- Consider the following statement and state whether it is true/false?

Statement: Stock exchange members can either be a trading member or clearing member but can't be both.

- A- True
- B- False

Ans- B

Explanation: Stock exchange members can either be a trading member or clearing member as well as both.

QUES 17:- Which of the following is the international stock exchange in India?

- A- NSE IFSC
- B- India INX
- C- Both A & B
- D- None of the above

Ans- C

Explanation: Following are the international stock exchange set up in GIFT city:

NSE IFSC by NSE

India INX by BSE

QUES 18:- ISIN is.....

- A- Invested Securities Identification Number
- B- Indian Securities Identification Number
- C- International Securities Identification Number
- D- None of the above

Ans- C

Explanation: Each security listed on an exchange has a securities symbol and a unique International Securities Identification Number (ISIN).

QUES 19:- In case of sale of an option in securities, the STT is paid by?

- A- Seller
- B- Purchaser
- C- Both A & B
- D- None of the above

Ans- A

Explanation: In case of sale of an option in securities, the STT is paid by seller on the option premium

QUES 20:-is a measure of the cost incurred due to the bid ask spread.

- A- Spread cost
- B- Trading cost
- C- Impact cost
- D- Margin cost

Ans- C

Explanation: Impact cost is a measure of the cost incurred due to the bid ask spread.

QUES 21:- Through investment in mutual funds, an investor can get access to

- A- Equities
- B- Bonds
- C- Money market instruments
- D- All of the Above

Ans- D

Explanation: Through investment in a mutual fund, an investor can get access to equities, bonds, money market instruments, and/ or other securities, Asset classes.

QUES 22:- What is NAV?

- A- New Asset Value
- B- Net Asset Value
- C- Natural Asset Value
- D- Neutral Asset Value

Ans- B

Explanation: NAV is Net Asset Value; it is related to the mutual funds.

QUES 23:- For a scheme, a unit holder's unit balance is 1 Lac, & NAV is 20. What will be the Current value of unit holders' investment?

- A- 1 Lac
- B- 2 Lacs
- C- 10 Lacs
- D- 20 Lacs

Ans- D

Explanation: Current value of investments = unit balance in the investor's account * current NAV

In the above Question Unit balance is 1 Lac & Current NAV is 20

Current value of investment = $1\text{Lac} * 20 = 20\text{ Lac}$

QUES 24:- imposed on the investors at the time of exiting from a MF scheme.

- A- Exist charge
- B- Redemption charge
- C- Exit load
- D- Unit sell charge

Ans- C

Explanation: Exit load imposed on the investors at the time of exiting from a MF scheme.

QUES 25:- As per the ELSS, what minimum % of the ELSS funds should be invested in equity and equity-related instruments?

- A- 65%
- B- 75%
- C- 80%
- D- 85%

Ans- C

Explanation: In case of ELSS scheme, at least 80% of the ELSS funds should be invested in equity and equity-related instruments.



Financial Street



TIMES OF INDIA

Vikas Sharma
Founder
Financial Street



Youth in India Embrace Stock Market Investments

The financial world is changing so fast and everyone wants to be on the profit side. That's why individual investors and students regularly take investor awareness programmes. Recently, IAP was conducted at a private management college in Gwalior where individual investors and management students learn about the post-effect of covid-19 on jobs economy and investment.

As we all know, The Covid-19 pandemic was the worst crisis since World War-2. Financial, social, and other consequences of COVID-19 will remain for many years. But as we know, everything has its pros and cons. In Indian History, for the first time ever, Demat Account across 10 Core. The Coronavirus badly hit the stock market all over the world, but the Indian economy witnessed a new investment trend. According to the data. Before Covid-19 in March 2020, there were 4 crore demat accounts and only in 2-3 years 6 crores of new accounts were reported.

As a country with the largest young population, expecting a booming economy, Indian young investors show an unprecedented degree of financial prudence. Most young investors directly invest in the market, without having proper knowledge.

You must have heard of Rakesh Jhunjhunwala and Warren Buffet, we know them as a big bull. They have made billions of dollars in the financial market. They used time as money and converted their money into wealth.

Benjamin Graham, known as the 'Father of Investment,' famously stated, "Investing in knowledge yields the most profitable interest."

According to NSE, 80 to 90 percent of investors lose their hard-earned money in option and day trading. Beware of fraud on YouTube and telegram channels. Atleast invest 10% in education of your investment.

HOW TO SELECT A MULTI-BAGGER STOCK?

Before selecting a multi-bagger stock, investors must investigate the business.

HERE ARE SOME KEY FACTORS FOR SELECTING MULTI-BAGGER STOCKS:

- Strong Management:** A business cannot succeed without strong management. Look at multiple aspects, like diversion of funds, pledging of shares, board independence, discipline, and obligation.
- Promoter Holding:** Find a stock that has good promoter holding which shows promoter confidence in their business.
- Good Earning:** An investor earns money when the company makes profits. Keep your eyes on the PE ratio and EPS.

Another crucial element lies in the marginal allocation of funds. Utilising technical analysis for enhanced timing and upholding a robust risk management strategy are imperative. For instance, a group of acquaintances invested 1,000 rupees in [REDACTED] in 1980, which burgeoned to 1894 crores by 2021.



तीन साल में ढाई गुना बढ़े डीमेट एकाउंट पहले पढ़ें फिर निवेश की सोचें, वरना हो सकता है नुकसान

एक्सपर्ट स्टोरी



विकास शर्मा
फाउंडर
फाइनैशियल स्ट्रीट

मल्टी बैगर स्टॉक कैसे चुनें

मजबूत प्रबंधन- कोई व्यवसाय

मजबूत प्रबंधन के बिना सफल नहीं हो सकता। कई फहलुओं फंड का डायर्वर्जन, शेरों को गिरवी रखना, बोर्ड की स्वतंत्रता, अनुशासन व दायित्व पर गौर करें।

प्रमोटर होलिंग- ऐसा स्टॉक दूँदें, जिसमें अच्छी प्रमोटर होलिंग हो जो प्रमोटर को उनके व्यवसाय में विश्वास दिखाता हो।

अच्छी कमाई- एक निवेशक तब पैसा कमाता है, जब कंपनी मुनाफा कमाती है। पीई अनुपात और ईपीएस पर अपनी नजर रखें।

निवेश का 10 प्रतिशत शिक्षा में खर्च करें : एनएसई के मुताबिक 80 से 90 फीसदी निवेशक ऑप्शन और डे ट्रेडिंग में अपनी मेहनत की कमाई गंवा देते हैं। यूट्यूब और टेलीग्राम चैनलों पर धोखाधड़ी से सावधान रहें। अपने निवेश का कम से कम 10 प्रतिशत शिक्षा में निवेश करें।

बढ़ती अर्थव्यवस्था के युवा दिखा रहे प्रतिभा

सबसे बड़ी युवा आबादी वाले देश के रूप में तेजी से बढ़ती अर्थव्यवस्था की उम्मीद करते हुए भारतीय युवा निवेशक अपनी प्रतिभा दिखाते हैं। अधिकांश निवेशक उचित जानकारी के बिना सीधे बाजार में निवेश करते हैं, जो कि गलत है। निवेश से पहले अध्ययन बहुत जरूरी है।



विकास शर्मा

निवेश के क्षेत्र में विद्युत सिर्फ एक गुण नहीं विकिं सफलता की कुंजी भी है। शेयर बाजार में जलदबाजी से बचना आपके वित्तीय परिणामों को महत्वपूर्ण रूप से प्रभावित कर सकता है। शेयर बाजार में जलदबाजी में लिए गए निर्णय अक्सर त्वरित लाप की इच्छा से प्रेरित होते हैं तो निवेशक ऐसे शेयरों का पांचाल करने के लिए प्रेरित हो सकते हैं, जबकि इससे 2 निवेशकिक नहीं। यिन ग्रन्तकारों के।

उत्तराखण्ड के लालन निल सप्तरा है। आप शेरावर बाजार में फायदा ले सकते हैं, लिकिन इसके लिए आपको दीर्घकालिक निवेश रणनीति का पालन करना होगा। अपने पाठ्यफोलियो में विविधता लाकर, जोखिमों का प्रबंधन करके आप अपनी वित्तीय स्थिरता को बढ़ा सकते हैं और समय के साथ अपने निवेश लक्ष्यों को प्राप्त कर सकते हैं। धन निर्माण में सबसे शक्तिशाली शक्तियों में से एक चक्रवृद्धि व्याज है। आय को पुनर्निवेशित करके और समय के साथ उन्हें अधिक आय उत्पन्न करने की अनुभवी देकर, निवेशक अपनी संपत्ति को तो जी से बढ़ा सकते हैं। इस द्रुतिकांग के लिए ऐसी और लंबे समय तक निवेशित रहने की प्रतिबद्धता भी आवश्यकता होती है। सफल निवेशक अक्सर एक स्पष्ट वित्तीय योजना के साथ शुरुआत करते हैं, जो उनके लक्ष्यों जोखिम

सहनीलाला और निवेश क्षितिज को रेखांकित करती है। प्राप्त करने योग्य देशेश्य निर्धारित करके और समय-समय पर अपनी प्रगति की समीक्षा करके, निवेशक निवेश के दीर्घकालिक लाभों पर ध्यान केंद्रित कर सकते हैं। बाजार के रूझानों, एकाधिक संकेतानों और कपनी की बुनियादी बातों के बारे में अच्छी तरह से जानकारी रखना, निवेश के बारे में सही निर्णय लेने के लिए जरूरी है।

शेयर मार्केट कई क्षेत्रों में प्रोफेशनल्स की जरूरत

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भौतिक, वातिलिंग के दौर में जहां रोकार देने वाले वह सेक्टर को बदलना चाहते रहे ही हैं, वहीं दूसरे सॉफ्टवर में उनके कूपालिये निवेश करने वाले ये विविध अन्तर्ज्ञानी हैं। इन दोनों दूसरी परिवार में इस सेक्टर में लोकप्रिय कारोबार वाहिनी एवं सेक्टर परिवर्तन के जाल लेनी की वरदान गहराई कर जा रही है। इन दोनों में एकसमय के बिना दोनों सम्बन्धित हैं। वह सम्बन्धों के इसका अधिक जानना कठिन है।



प्राचीन संस्कृत

- **मुख्य टर्मिनल** लक्ष्मीपुर टर्मिनल
- **वित्ती** वित्तियालय, वित्ती
- **लक्ष्मीपुर ओडिशा** कैरियर मर्केट लक्ष्मीपुर, न्यू लक्ष्मी
- **लूटीआह** लक्ष्मीपुर ओडिशा कैरियर मर्केट, न्यू मुर्बंद
- **लेटी** लक्ष्मीपुर ओडिशा मैनेजमेंट स्कॉलर एजरियार्स, लैसिका
- **पुरी** वित्तियालय, पुरी
- **जगद्धारीपुराया** हैदराबाद

श्रेयर मार्केट के फील्ड में कर्ड हिस्से

हेंडर मार्केट में काफी प्रीप्लेश है। इस पक्ष में बैंकरों की रिटेल बहाव जा सकता है। बाजार का विवरणात्मक रूप से सामाजिक और इकाई का नई दिशा है। वहाँ प्रोफेशनल की जरूरत है। योग्य मार्केट में इन्वेस्ट करने वालों के लिए सालाहकार के रूप में भी काम किया जा सकता है। एकाउंटेंट के रूप में काम के लिए दूसरी कंट्री में कार्रवाई स्थापित है।

आदित्य गवाहा, गेहूर लोकवार्षी एवं लोक

विश्लेषण करने वालों की भी जरूरत

ऐस्ट्रेलिया में बड़े तरा के कौरियर के ड्रायर सर्वोत्तम हैं। इयोनिस्ट, लालाउटेंट, कार्पोरेशन प्लाइसेट, इन्वेस्ट एंड लिस्ट, कौरियर मोर्टेंट एंड लिस्ट, प्रमुख प्लायर्स



समझदारी से करें रुपये का प्रबंधन, निवेश जरूरी

आज के डिजिटल युग में वित्तीय साक्षरता महत्वपूर्ण है, खासकर भारत में जहां लाखों लोग वित्तीय मामलों से अनजान हैं। इसमें समझदारी से पैसे का प्रबंधन करना, बचत, निवेश, ऋण, बीमा, पैशन योजना और अन्य वित्तीय उत्तादों के बारे में जानकारी प्रदान करना शामिल है। भारत में समझदारी और विकास की



विकाश शर्मा,
और अन्य
संगठनों

को वित्तीय साक्षरता बढ़ाने के लिए काम करना चाहिए। वित्तीय साक्षरता के लाभों में वित्तीय स्वतंत्रता, उचित ऋण प्रबंधन, बचत और निवेश, वित्तीय धोखाधड़ी से सुरक्षा और जन धन योजना, प्रधानमंत्री सुरक्षा बीमा सरकारी योजनाओं के लाभ शामिल हैं। हाल ही में सेवी ने वित्तीय साक्षरता के लिए एनआईएसएम के साथ एक मुफ्त प्रमाणन कार्यक्रम शुरू किया है

About Us

Financial Street is a well-recognized name in the financial market education. We are specializes in training investors and providing high quality training to investors and traders across the country. Our vision is to be the most sought after learning provider in the areas of finance and leadership learning.

Financial Street is a group of professionals; our educational program is anchored around that philosophy. Our program is guided by our vision and mission.

We Offer Mock Test Series



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About the Author

This Mock Test is developed by Mr. Vikas Sharma (Financial Analyst & Having more than 15 years' Experience in Financial Market) in coordination with the Team of Financial Street. Mock Test is reviewed by Dr. Uma (Professor PHD in Economics).

“THANK YOU”